#### Reducing the climate impact of care pathways

&

#### Integration of carbon footprint in health technology assessment

Max Piffoux, PhD, resident in medical oncology



In collaboration with Dr Coline Ducrot, Chloé Dupraz, Dr David Ali

and Dr Sébastien Taillemite

Centre Léon Bérard / Hospices civils de Lyon

🗞 EcovaMed



#### **DECLARATION OF INTERESTS**

Shareholder and co founder of Everzom and Therafast Bio

Collaboration (no financial support) with Ecovamed

## Context

- Mean carbon footprint of a european citizen
  - 7.8 tCO2eq/year (EU)
- Objective :
  - Zero net carbon (IPCC)
  - 2 tCO2eq/person/year
- European healthcare system => ≈8% of CO2eq emissions (the shift project)
  - 600 kgCO2eq/person/year
- Mostly related to purchases (the shift project)
  - Drugs, medical devices, etc

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#### Reducing the climate impact of care pathways

#### Is the carbon footprint of care that bad ?

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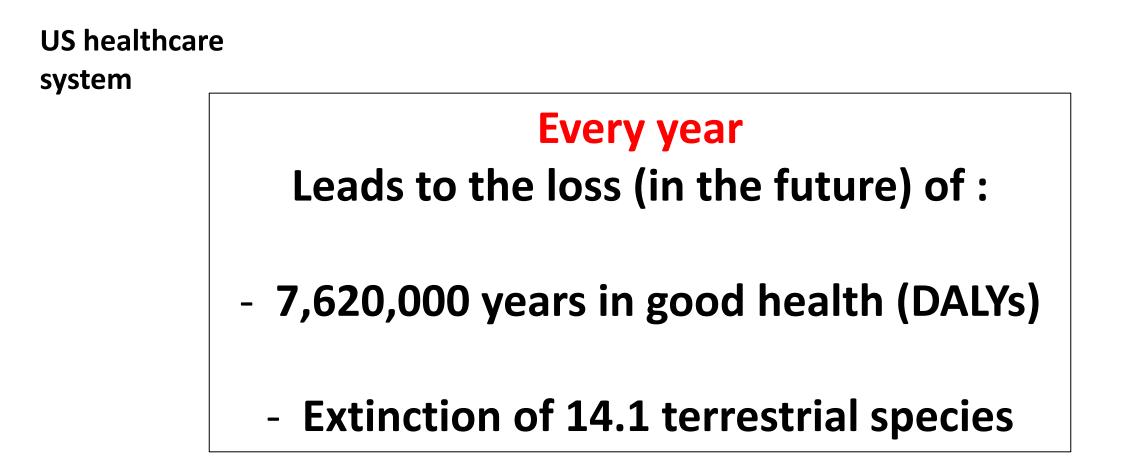
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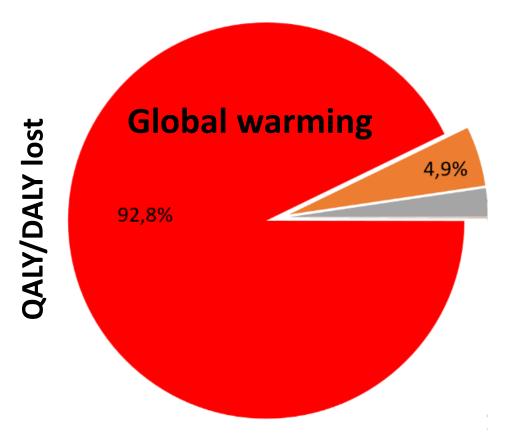


US healthcare system

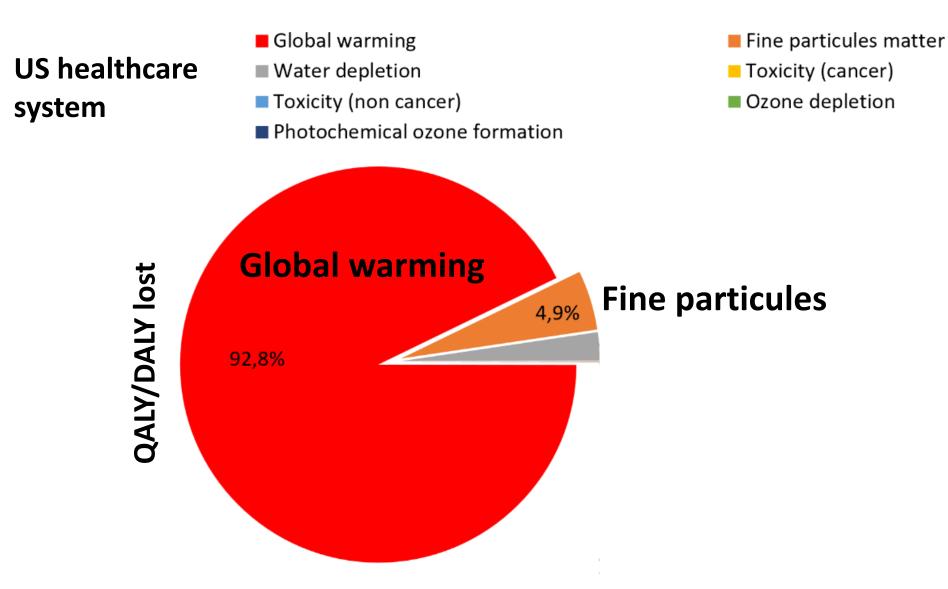


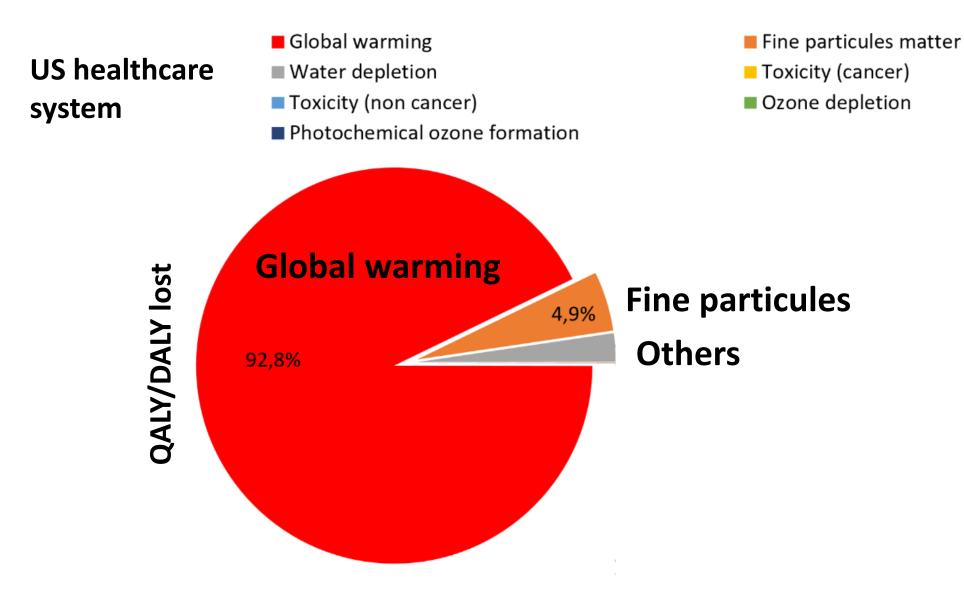


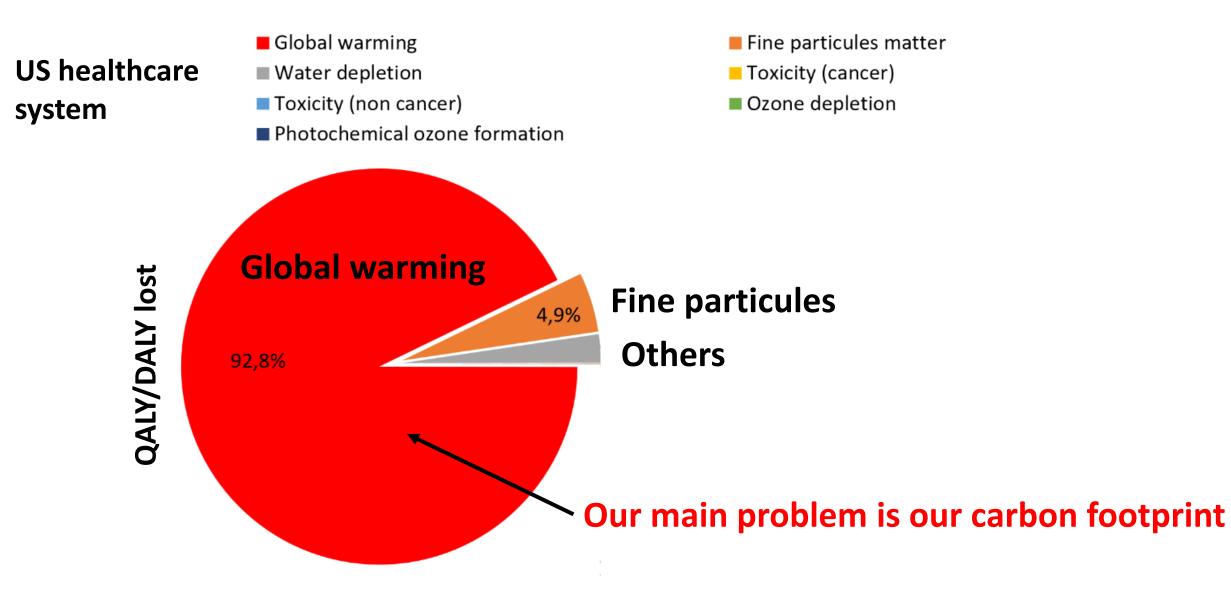
- Global warming
- Care Water depletion
  - Toxicity (non cancer)
  - Photochemical ozone formation



- Fine particules matter
- Toxicity (cancer)
- Ozone depletion







# Reducing the carbon footprint of care pathways

- Reducing emissions for a given care pathway ?
- Changing our care pathways ?

## Reducing the carbon footprint of care pathways

- Reducing emissions for a given care pathway ? Probably both !
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# Reducing the carbon footprint of care pathways

- Reducing emissions for a given care pathway ?
- Changing our care pathways ?

Probably both !

#### • Requirements :

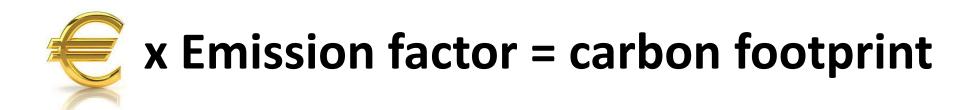
- 1) Estimating care pathways carbon footprint
- 2) Integrating carbon footprint in health technology assessment

#### Data available :

- Transport : 0.27 kgCO<sub>2</sub>/km in car (France, ADEME)
- Building construction : 1 147 kgCO<sub>2</sub>/m<sup>2</sup> (France, ADEME)
- **Electricity**: 0.06 kgCO<sub>2</sub>/kWh (*France, ADEME*)
- Gas: 0.227 kgCO<sub>2</sub>/kWh (France, ADEME)
- **Biology** : 0.01 kgCO<sub>2</sub>/€ (estimated from McAlister et al, 2020)
- **Pathology :** 0.79 kgCO<sub>2</sub>/biopsy (Gordon et al, 2020)
- Imaging: 9.2 kgCO<sub>2</sub>/CT scan, 17.5 kgCO<sub>2</sub>/MRI
- Waste: 0.35 kgCO<sub>2</sub>/kg (normal) to 0.95 kgCO<sub>2</sub>/kg (hazardous, France, ADEME)
- Information technology : 0.4 kgCO2/€ (France, ADEME)

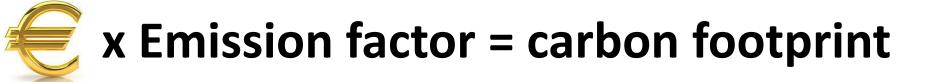
When things are too complex :

• Emission factors (kgCO2/€)



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• Medical devices : 0.315 kgCO2/€ (France, ADEME)

• **Drugs**: 0.5 kgCO2/€ (France, ADEME)

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Varies from 0.1 to 1.8 kgCO2/€ from a country to another!

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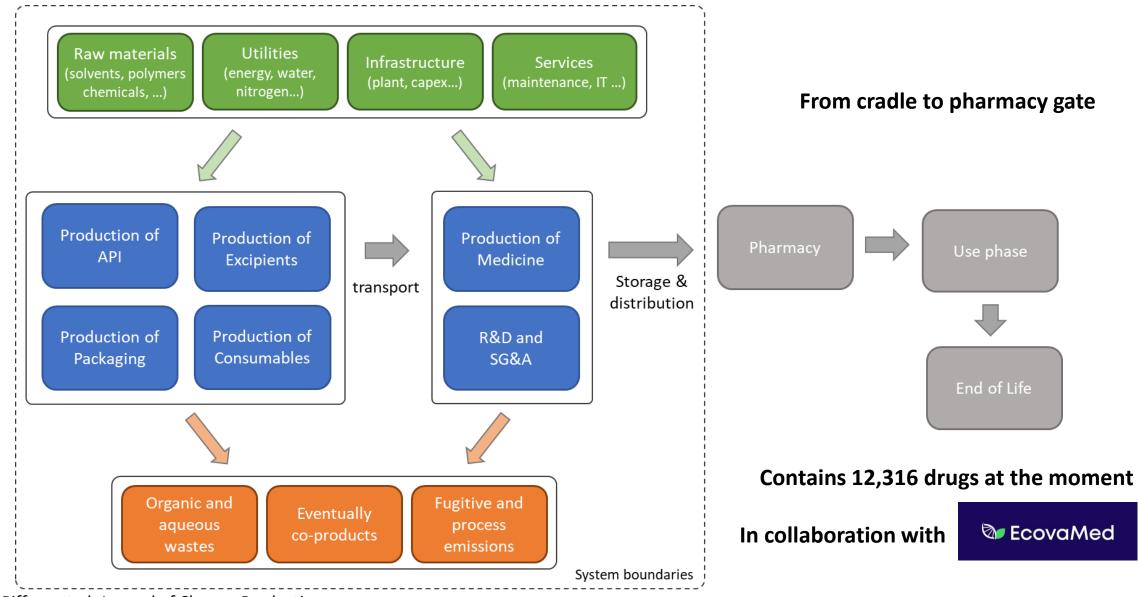
• **Drugs**: 0.5 kgCO2/€ (France, ADEME)

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We cannot use these estimates for specific care pathways

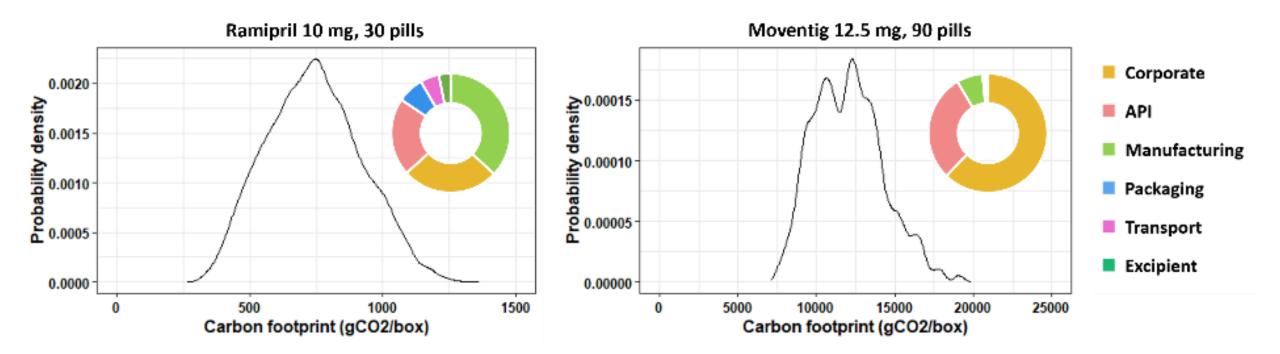
The Shift Project

#### Drug carbon footprint database



In Press, M. Piffoux et al, Journal of Cleaner Production

#### Drug carbon footprint database



#### Available for all PO drugs in the pharmacopia (work ongoing for other drugs)

Freely available for academics on : www.ecovamed.com

In Press, M. Piffoux et al, Journal of Cleaner Production

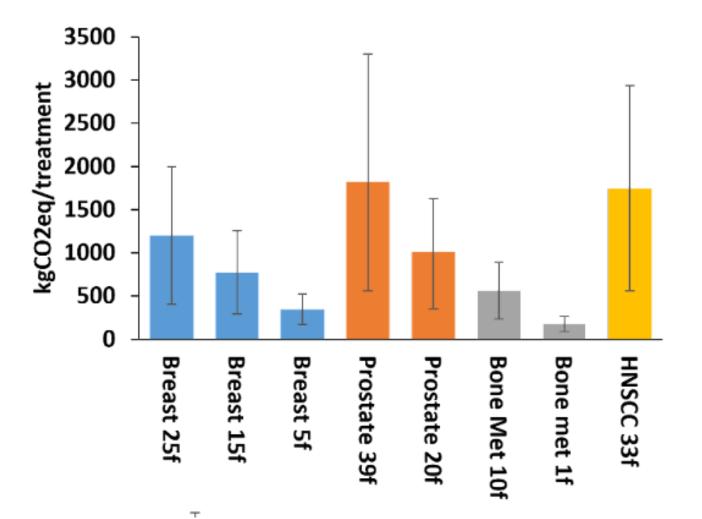
## Oncology drugs may have large carbon footprints

- A typical immunotherapy (30 days) : ± 322 kgCO2eq (unpublished)
- A typical anti-VEGF (30 days) : ± 270 kgCO2eq (unpublished)
- Imatinib 400 mg (30 days) : 43.2 kgCO2eq
- Axitinib 5mg BID (30 days) : 109.8 kgCO2eq
- Tamoxifen (30 days) : 1 kgCO2eq
- Abiraterone (30 days) : 43.5 kgCO2eq

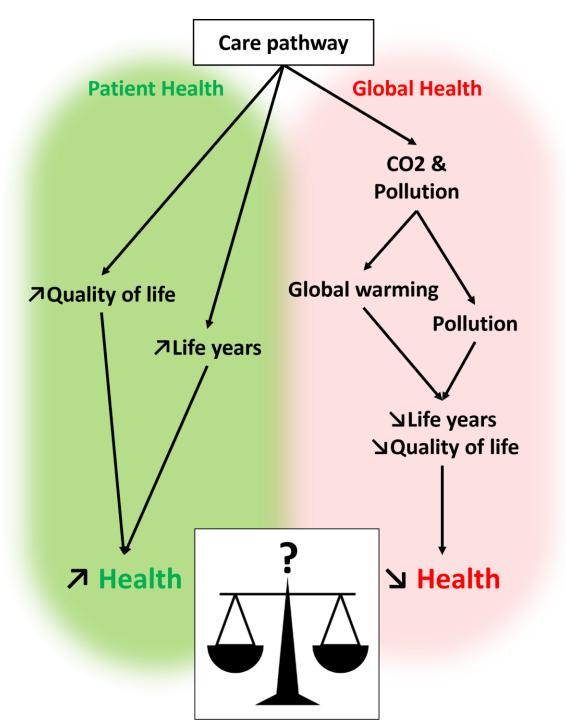
## Take home messages (1)

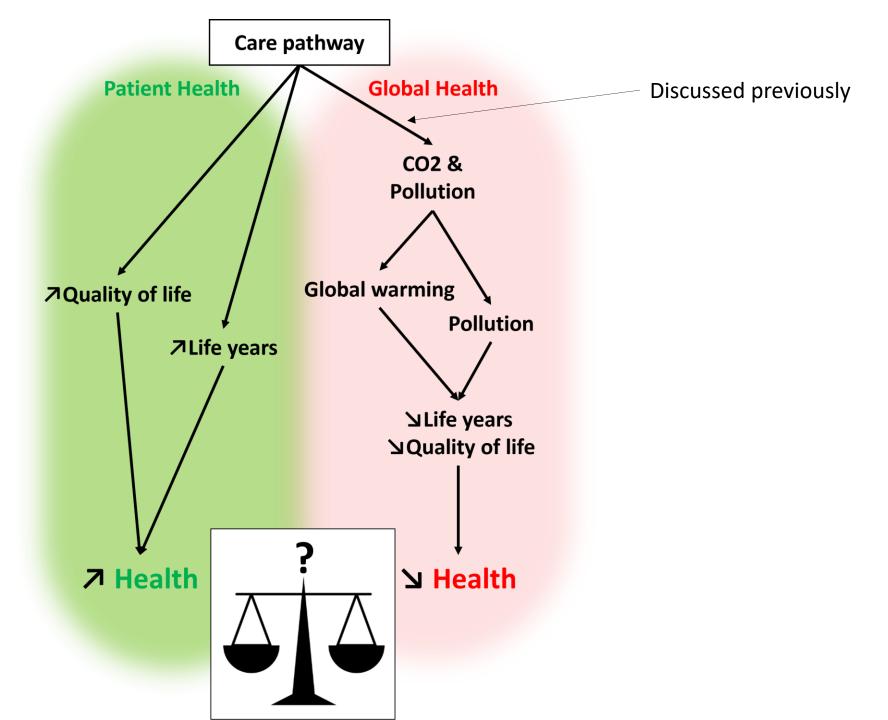
- Healthcare has a large health impact on the future
- CO2eq is our main problem
- It is feasible to estimate the carbon footprint of specific care pathways

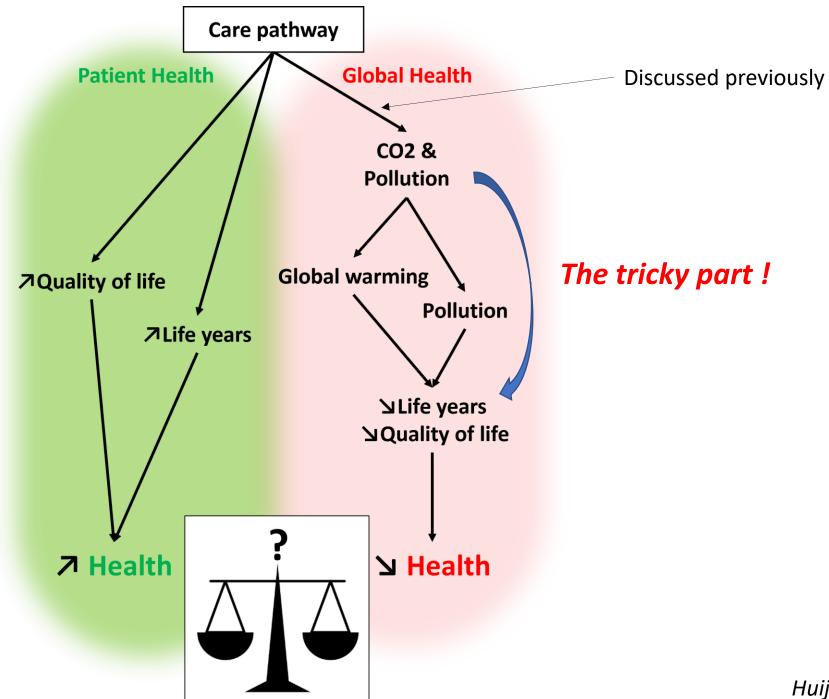
#### A proof of concept in radiotherapy

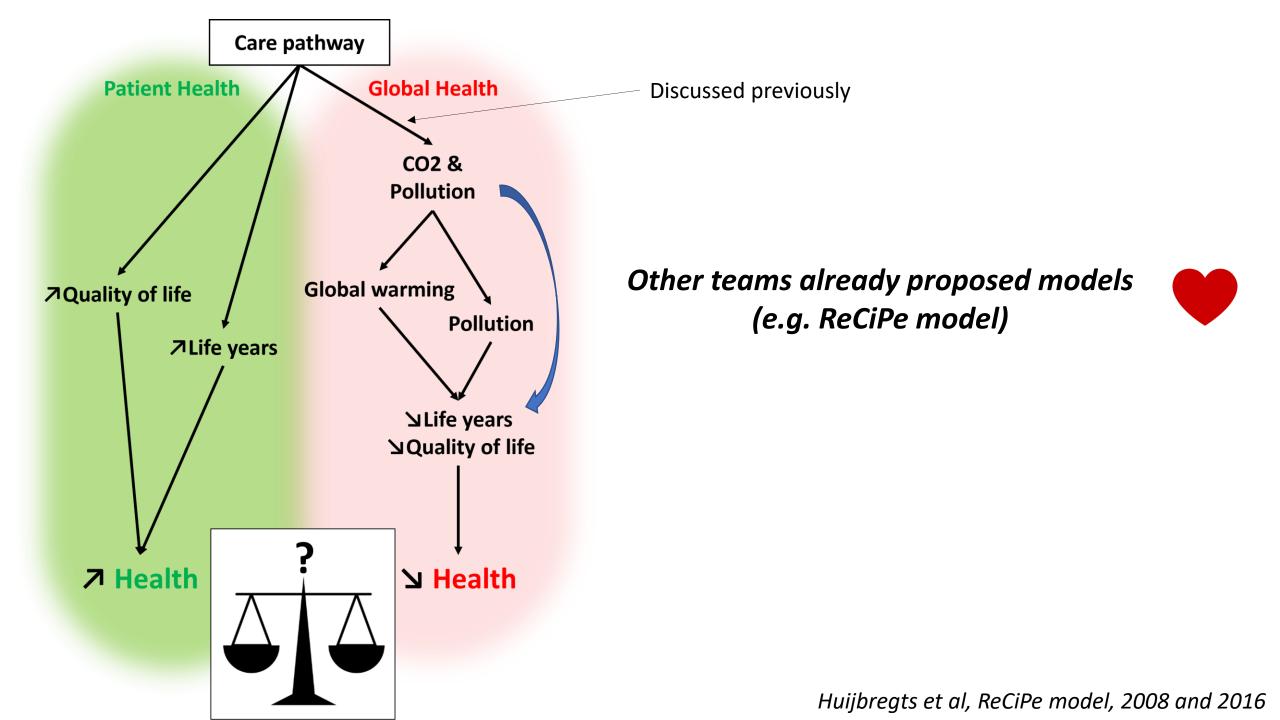


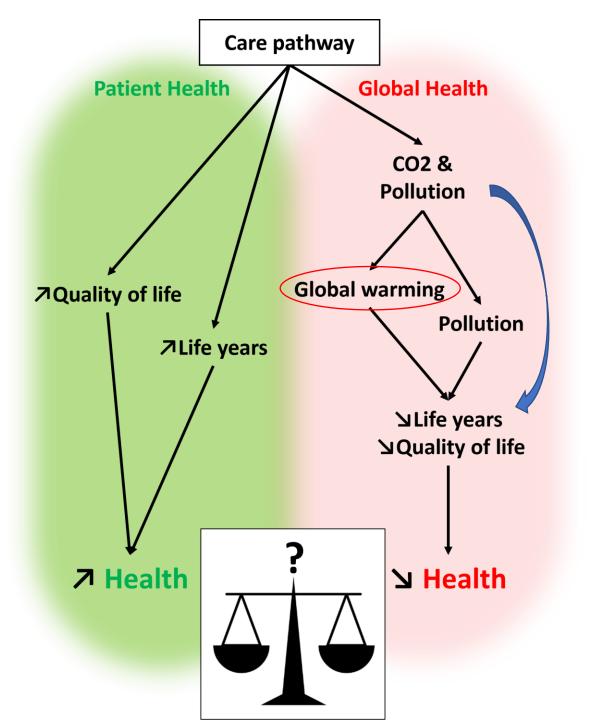
Piffoux et al, Cancer Radiother, 2023 Ali et al, CTRO, 2024 Dupraz et al, CTRO, 2024 How to integrating the carbon footprint in health technology assessment ?



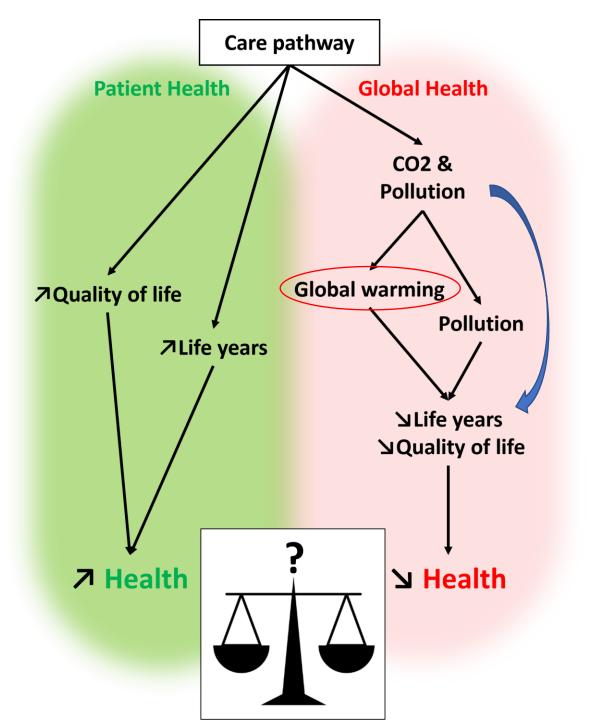




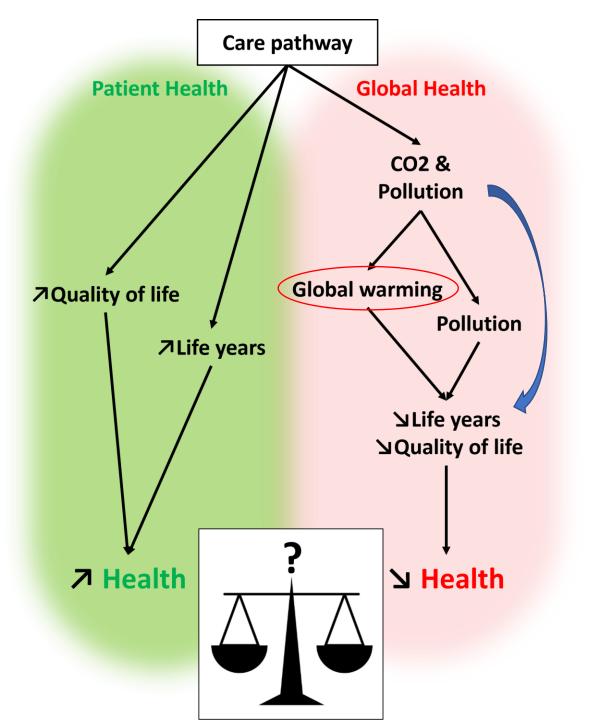


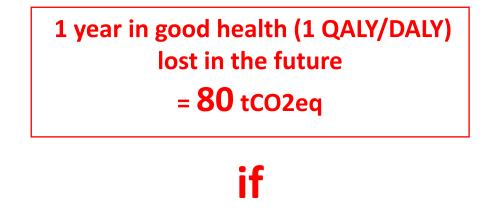


#### 1 year in good health (1 QALY/DALY) lost in the future



1 year in good health (1 QALY/DALY) lost in the future = **80** tCO2eq

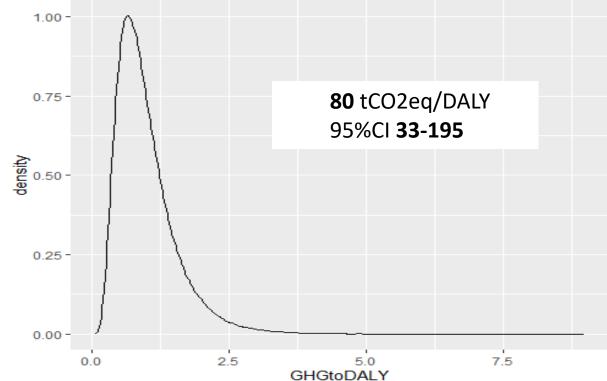




Our life *value* = Our grand (grand) children life *value* 

# Take home messages (2)

- We may compare health gains and health losses associated to a care pathway
  - Large confidence interval



M. Piffoux et al, unpublished

## Applications in oncology

- 6-months adjuvant trastuzumab versus 12-months (or 9 weeks ?)
  - An option in ESMO recommandations

 HER2-directed therapy (with initial concurrent ChT) should be given for 12 months, covering both the neoadjuvant and/or adjuvant phases of treatment. Administration can be combined, if indicated, with RT and ET. In selected low-risk situations, 6 months of anti-HER2 therapy may be non-inferior

# Applications in oncology

- 6 months adjuvant trastuzumab versus 12 months (or 9 weeks ?)
  - An option in ESMO recommandations
- Demonstrated as non-inferior
- Saves :
  - ≈ 10 000 €
  - ≈ 7 outpatient visits
  - ≈ 3-5 tCO2eq/patient
  - $\approx$  14-23 days in good health saved in the future

## Take home messages (3)

- We can integrate carbon footprint in health technology assessment
  - (There are others methods to do so)

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  - In some care pathways : losses > gains
  - Some care pathways diminish emissions (vaccines)
  - In most care pathways losses = 10-80% gains

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  - In some care pathways : losses > gains
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  - In most care pathways losses = 10-80% gains
- Few numbers of interest :
  - Top 10% Europe = 25 tCO2eq/year = **3.7 months lost/year**
  - Top 10% US = 54 tCO2eq/year = 8.1 months lost/year
  - A typical radiation therapy oncologist : **100-300 tCO2eq/year**
  - A typical medical oncologist : 100-1,000 tCO2eq/year

# Thank you for listening ! Questions?

Special thanks to **Dr Coline Ducrot** 

DE LYON

- Currently working on CO2 in medico economic analysis & continuing the drug database (open for collaborations !) ٠
- Network in France/belgium/other with **Dr Matthieu** Delaye



