Cancer and Nutrition

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The silent impact of nutritional issues on cancer management and patients lives

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Involuntary weight loss is associated with poorer survival, treatment response, and adverse events caused by anticancer treatments.

Maltoni M et al. Hem Onc Clin North Am 2002;16:715-29; J Clin Oncol 2005;23:6240-8
Stahl M, et al.. J Cancer Res Clin Oncol 2004
Tammemagi CM, et al. Cancer 2004;101:1655-63
Argiris A et al. Cancer 2004;101:2222-9
And many, many other studies

BUT: nutritional issues are underrecognized in oncological care

Spiro A et al. The views and practice of oncologists towards nutritional support in patients receiving chemotherapy. Br J Cancer 2006;95:431-4



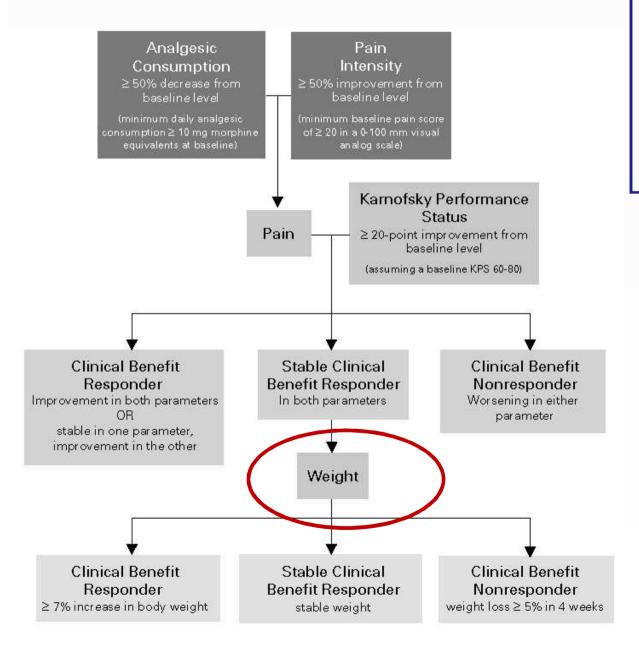
Involuntary weight loss and malnutrition are frequent issues in oncological care

1000 patients (17 centres): 40% weight loss (≥10%) and 34% nutritional risk score ≥3 (scale 0-7)

Bozzetti F; on behalf of the SCRINIO Working Group. Support Care Cancer 200917:279-284.

- → Lost potential to improve patient outcomes? (see session Friday 17:00-19:00)
- → Fear of interactions of nutrition and cancer treatments? (see session Saturday 8:00-10:00)

Clinical Benefit Response



Weight IS a key variable for clinical decisions in advanced cancer patients

Prospective
Monitoring and
Treatment of
cancerassociated
Symptoms
required

Köberle D et al. J Clin Oncol 2008;26:3702-8.

Steinbach S et al.	Score on Scale From 0 to 100*	
Assessment Factor	Mean	Standard Deviation
Subjective olfactory functionf		
Before chemotherapy	85.9	19.6
3 months after chemotherapy	85.7	19.8
Subjective gustatory function t		
Before chemotherapy	82.9	19.2
3 months after chemotherapy	81.7	19.4
Subjective complaints directly after chemotherapy#		
Decrease in olfactory function	19.2	29.5
Decrease in gustatory function	51.6	34.5
Reduced appetite	36.8	41.3
Less pleasure eating	55.6	39.9
Weight loss, kg	1.4	3.3
Range	-15 to 4	

Hutton J et al.

Chemosensory Dysfunction (n=66)

	No	Mild	Moderate	Severe
Kcal/kg/d	2175	1822	1734	1272

Taste and smell problems are frequent but under-recognized

Impact on appetite and weight

→ See Friday 14:30 – 16:30

Bernhardson BM,et al..Support Care Cancer 2008;16:275-283

Steinbach S et al. J Clin Oncol 2009;27

Hutton J et al. J Pain Symptom Manage 2007; 33:156-65







Cancer patients experience psychosocial distress related to (not) eating, decreased function and fatigue

Change in eating habits: Experience of emotions

- Contra-intuitive, unpredictable inability to eat, weight loss
- Existential distress (loss of weight and control)
- Change of cooking habits, cooking as expression of love
- Couples coping: try, searching advice, pressure, accept

Physical fatigue omnipresent but several causes

Hopkinson J et al; Reid et al.; Strasser F et al. Stone P et al.

→ See Friday 10:30 and Saturday 10:30

→ Enjoy the symposium!